5.5 Quadrilaterals

A quadrilateral is a polygon with four straight sides and four angles.

The angles of a quadrilateral add up to 360°.

There are eight different types of quadrilateral and each one has its own name and properties:

Square	Rectangle	Parallelogram	Rhombus
All sides are the same length. All angles are the same size (90°). Opposite sides are parallel.	Opposite sides are the same length. All angles are the same size (90°). Opposite sides are parallel.	Opposite sides are the same length and parallel. Opposite angles are the same size.	All sides are the same length. Opposite sides are parallel. Opposite angles are the same size.
Isosceles trapezium	Trapezium	Kite	Arrowhead
One pair of parallel sides. Base angles are the same size.	One pair of parallel sides.	Two pairs of sides are the same length. One pair of equal angles.	Two pairs of sides are the same length. One reflex angle. One pair of equal angles.

Arrowheads are special as they are **concave**. All the other quadrilaterals are **convex**.

5.6 Polygons with more than four sides

'Polygon' is the name for any shape that is drawn with straight sides.

A **regular** polygon has equal sides and equal angles.

In Geometry 'equal' means the same size or the same length. The names of the polygons come from Greek or Latin words:

KEY WORD

Regular a polygon is regular if all its angles are the same size and all its sides are the same length

Number of sides of the polygon	Number	Latin name of the number	Greek name of the number	Name of Polygon
3	3	Tres	Tria	Triangle
4	4	Quattuor		Quadrilateral
5	5		Pente	Pentagon
6	6		Hexi	Hexagon
7	7		Hepta	Heptagon
8	8	Octo	Octo	Octagon
9	9	Novem		Nonagon
10	10	Decem	Deca	Decagon
12	12	Duodecem	Dodeca	Dodecagon
20	20		Ikosi	Icosahedron





Irregular pentagon